## Convert between Numbers in Digit Form and in Words

| Digits | Words |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100 | One Hundred |
| 1000 | One Thousand |
| 10000 | Ten Thousand |
| 100000 | One Hundred Thousand |
| 1000000 | One Million |

## 4,321,756

 UnitsTens Hundreds

Thousands
Ten Thousands
Hundred Thousands
Millions

## 165, 324

One Hundred and sixty five thousand, three hundred and twenty four.

You could be asked what each number represents...

The 1 represents 100,000
The 6 represents 60,000
The 5 represents 5,000
The 3 represents 300
The 2 represents 20 and the 4 represents a 4.

## 4,006

Four thousand and six

## 132,322

One hundred and thirty two thousand, three hundred and twenty two.

## -52,032

Minus fifty two thousand and thirty two.

## 4,321,768

Four million, three hundred and twenty one thousand, seven hundred and seventy eight.

### 0.32

Zero point three two

Say 'and' after there is a zero in the hundreds column

Always say 'and' after you say 'hundred'.
'-' at the front means you have to say 'minus' or 'negative'

Commas or spaces are often included in between the thousands. Every three digits from the right.

Say 'three two' rather than 'thirty two'

## The Number line

Here is an example of a number line

\section*{| 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -10 | -9 | -8 | -7 | -6 | -5 | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |}

$\checkmark \quad$ The arrow points to the right and is in the increasing direction.
$\checkmark \quad$ The numbers are equally spaced, and going up by the same amount each time.
$\checkmark$ Zero doesn't have to be on the number line, but it is in this one.
$\checkmark$ A number line could also be vertical.
$\checkmark \quad$ You can have decimals or even fractions in a number line.

## 165,324 is a shorthand way of writing:

$$
(1 \times 100,000)+(6 \times 10,000)+(5 \times 1,000)+(3 \times 100)+(2 \times 10)+(4 \times 1)
$$

This looks very complicated, but is actually what we mean when write the number in the form we are used to.

