## Percent means 'out of 100'

A percentage can always be changed to a fraction 'out of 100'

$$
37 \%=\frac{37}{100}=37 \div 100=0.37
$$

## Express a number as a percentage of another <br> What is $£ 160$ out of $£ 800$ as a percentage.

Small Number<br>Big Number $\times 100$

$$
\frac{160}{800} \times 100=20
$$

£160 out of $£ 800$ as a percentage $=20 \%$

## Finding a Percentage of an amount with a calculator

Find $\mathbf{4 2 \%}$ of $£ \mathbf{3 2 5}$

## Step 1

Change the percent to a decimal

$$
\frac{42}{100}=42 \div 100=0.42
$$

## Step 2

Multiply the decimal by the amount

$$
0.42 \times 325=136.5
$$

## Step 3

Write the amount in the correct form with the correct units.
$42 \%$ of $£ 325=£ 136.50$


| MC | M + | M- | M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% | CE | C | $\otimes$ |
| $1 / x$ | $x^{2}$ | $\sqrt[2]{x}$ | $\div$ |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | $\times$ |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | - |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | + |
| +/- | 0 | . | $=$ |

## Percentages without a calculator

Find $\mathbf{4 5 \%}$ of $£ 325$
This involves knowledge of remembering how to divide by 10 and 100.
$10 \%$ of $£ 325=£ 32.50$
$5 \%$ of $£ 325=£ 32.50 \div 2$


So $5 \%$ of $£ 325=£ 16.25$
$45 \%=4$ lots of $10 \%$ and a $5 \%$
$45 \%$ of $£ 325=4 \times £ 32.50+£ 16.25$
$\left.\begin{array}{lllll}4 \times 32.50 & & 3 & 2 & 5 \\ \approx 4 \times 30 & \times & & & 4 \\ =120 & - & 1 & 3 & 0\end{array}\right)$
$£ 130+£ 16.25$

$+$| 1 | 3 | 0 | . | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 | 6 | 2 | 5 |
|  |  | 4 | 6 | 2 |

$=£ 146.25$

## Percentage increase and decrease with a calculator

Increase $£ 425$ by 13\%
Increase by 13\% means to
find $100 \%+13 \%=113 \%$

Find $113 \%$ of $£ 425$
$\frac{113}{100} \times 425=480.25$
$£ 435$ increased by $13 \%$
= $£ 480.25$

Decrease $£ 512$ by $\mathbf{9 \%}$
Decrease by 9\% means to
find $100 \%-9 \%=91 \%$

Find $91 \%$ of $£ 512$
$\frac{91}{100} \times 512=465.92$
$£ 512$ decreased by 9\% $=£ 465.92$

Percentage increase and decrease can be done a different way, but these methods help you with finding the original amount.

## Finding the original amount

Original Amount $\times$ Multiplier $=$ Final Amount
A coat is reduced by $\mathbf{3 2 \%}$ to $£ 136$. Find the original cost of the coat before the sale.

Multiplier
Decrease by 32\%
$100 \%-32 \%=68 \%$
Multiplier $=\frac{68}{100}=0.68$

Original Amount
$\times$ Multiplier $=$ Final

Original Amount

$$
=£ 136 \div 0.68
$$

$$
=£ 200
$$

